

Precision X-band RF control system.

Towards higher timing resolution...



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Motivation & Challenges

For given beam optics, the limiting factors for the timing resolution of a Transverse Deflecting Structure (TDS) are operating frequency and electric field strength:

$$res \sim \frac{\sqrt{P}}{k}, k \sim \frac{1}{f}$$

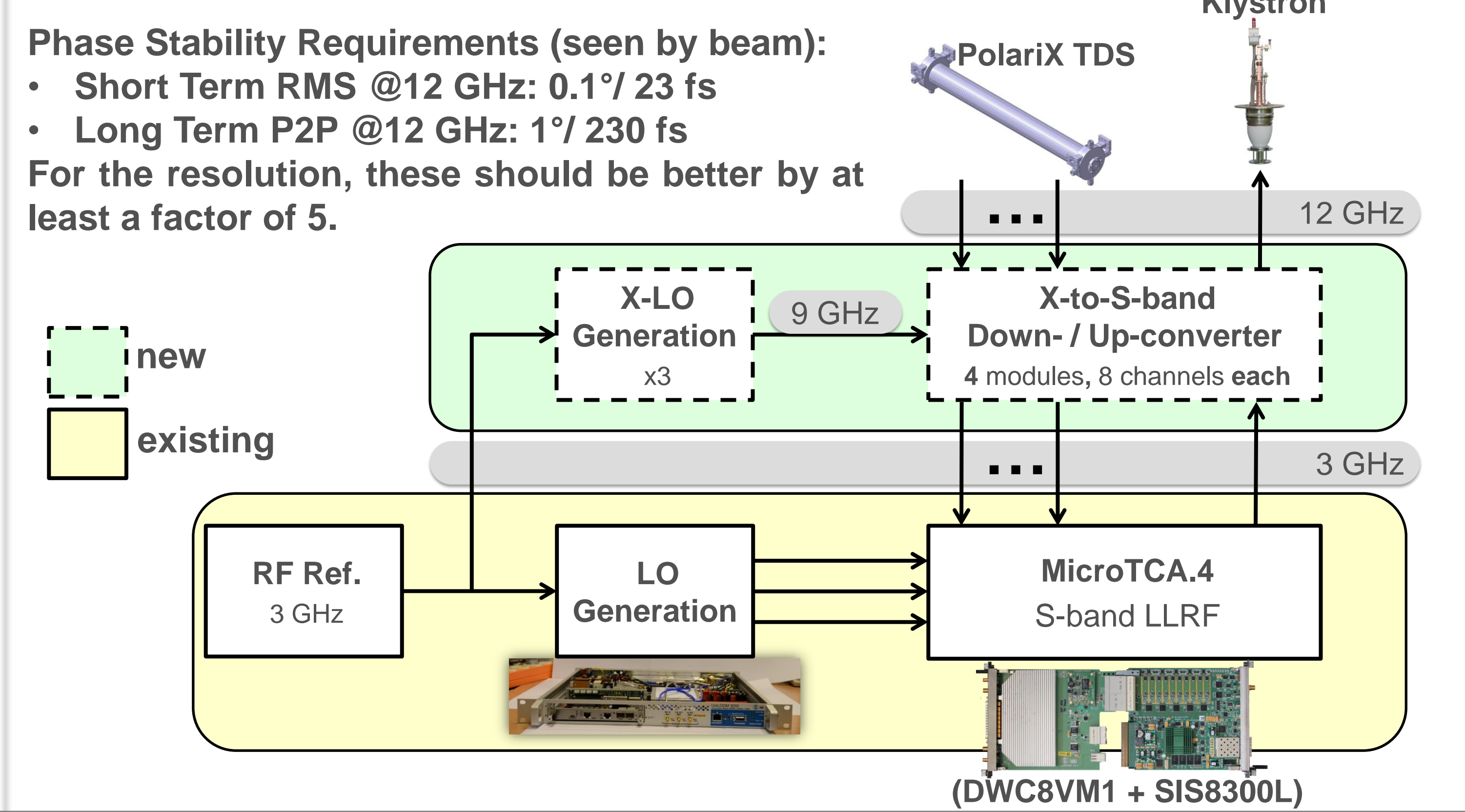
Two ways to increase the timing resolution:

1. Increase the frequency → increase linearly
 2. Increase the power → increase by square root
- New X-band structure: **Polarizable X-band TDS (PolariX TDS)**
- Collaboration between CERN, PSI and DESY
 - Variable polarization
 - 12 GHz resonance frequency
 - **Requires new RF frontend at X-band**

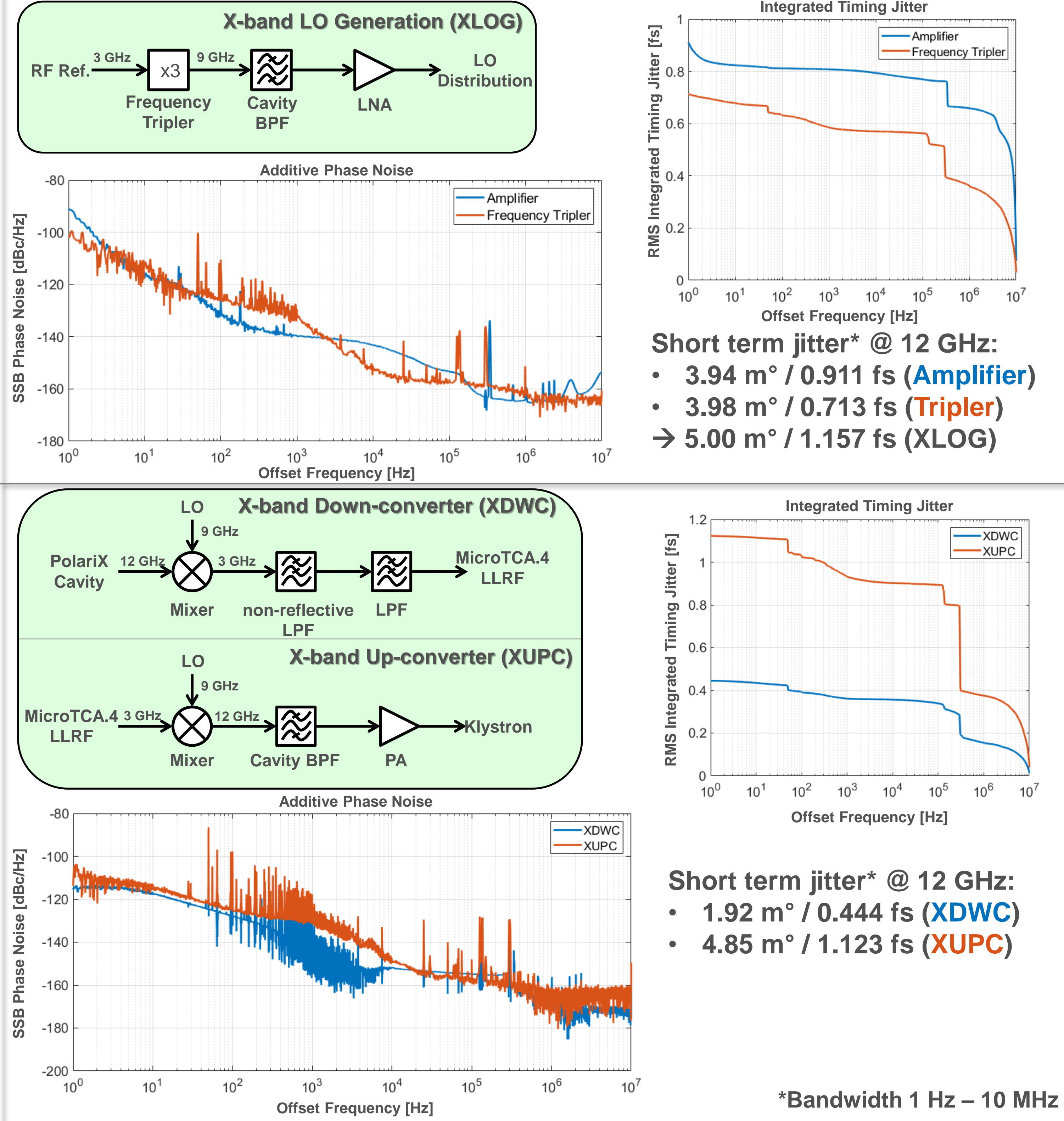


Overview of Concept

Idea: Use X-band frontend, mix down to S-band and use a standard S-band LLRF (Low-Level RF) system (used e.g. at XFEL TDS, REGAE, SINBAD)

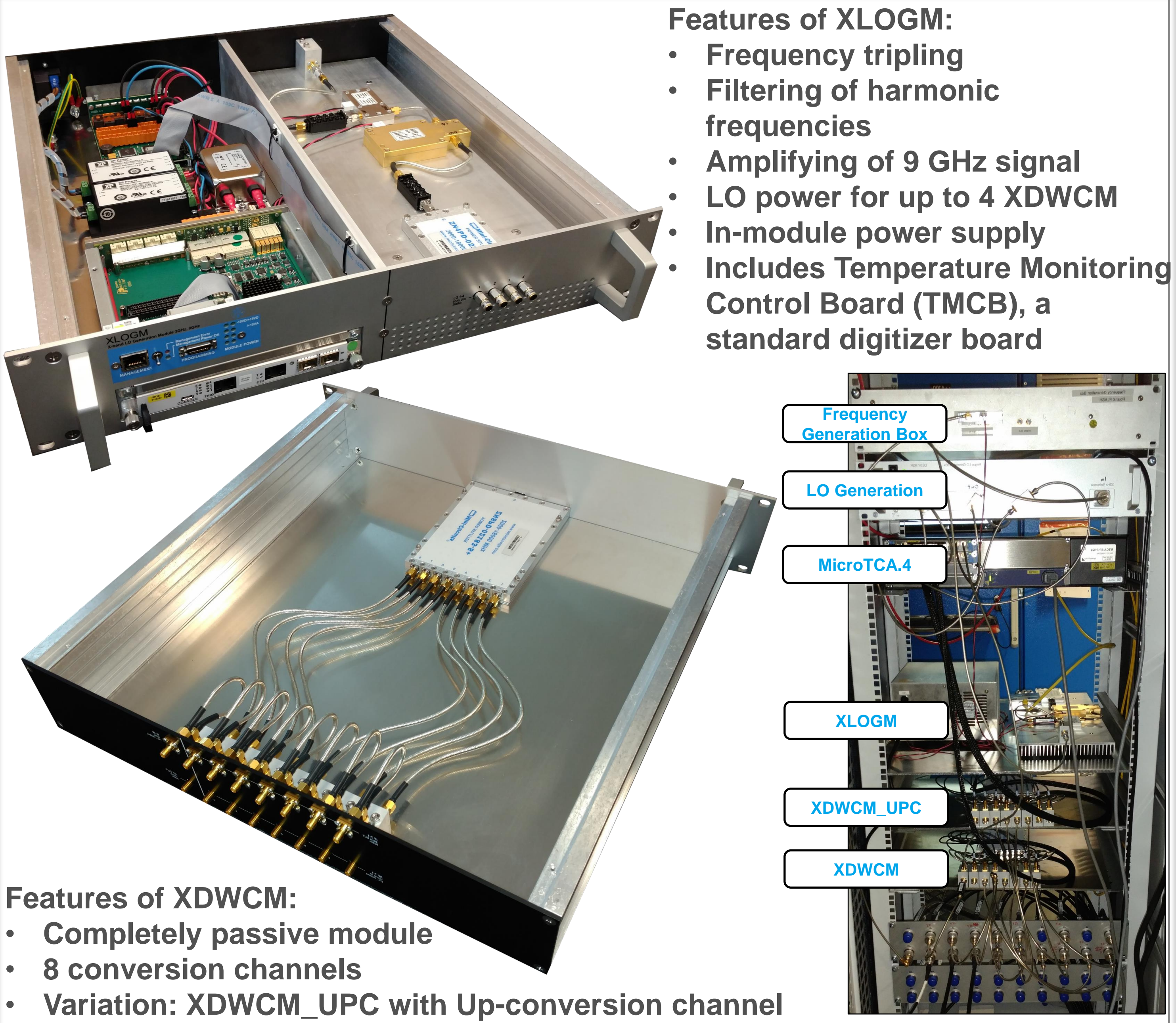


Measurements



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Modules & Setup



- Features of XLOG:
- Frequency tripling
 - Filtering of harmonic frequencies
 - Amplifying of 9 GHz signal
 - LO power for up to 4 XDWC
 - In-module power supply
 - Includes Temperature Monitoring Control Board (TMCB), a standard digitizer board

- Features of XDWC:
- Completely passive module
 - 8 conversion channels
 - Variation: XDWC_UPC with Up-conversion channel

First Results

- First streaking done on 5th September 2019
- Variable streaking principle proven on 9th September 2019

Pictures removed for public release

Conclusion & Outlook

- The additional conversion hardware adds about 1 fs of phase noise
- Packaging into 19" modules has been completed
 - Still needs to be installed
- Feed-forward control algorithm needs to be developed
- Current 125 MHz ADCs only yield a couple of sample points
- Installation of 2x PolariX in FLASH2 in 2020
- Installation of 2x PolariX in SINBAD in 2020

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